BAIL HOLD TIME TABLE.
LITTLE MILES & COUNTRY & XIV. R. R. Leaves Arrives.

Jon. Roninson, Agent. Jos. Robin Columbus & Indianopolis, R. R. (Columbus Piqua & Indians R. R.)

Chicago Express 8:00 A. M. 8:35 P. M. No. 2 3:50 P. M. 11:50 A. M. 8andusky 9:40 A. M. 3:00 P. M

Local Matters.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—It will be seen by advertisement in another column, that Headley, Eberly & Richards this day received another large lot of Balmoral Skirts, ranging in price from \$2.50 to \$3.75. They have also just received a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs, Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, Shawls and Bom-HEADLEY, EBERLY & RICHARDS,

250 and 252 South High street, Columbus, Ohio.

Council PROCEEDINGS 4-The City Council met last evening--President Donaldson in the chair. Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved. PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Mr. Stauring presented the petition of Christian Emrich and others, asking the passage of an ordinance to open fully and grade South Pub-lic Lane west of Front atreet to the Columbus Feeder, to connect with Canal street. Refe red to the City Civil Engineer vith instruc-tions to prepare an estimate of the cost. Mr. Smith presented the polition of Thomas

S. Gates and others, stating that the sidewalks and gutters on the west side of Claveland avenue are paved, and asking that the street be graded. Referred to the First Ward Commit-

Mr. Butler presented the memorial of M. D. Lathrop in reference to keeping up and carrying out more fully the excellent system of number-ing adopted for the city. Referred to Mesers. Butler, Donty and Mceller as a select commit-

ORDINANCE PASSED. Mr. Smith introduced a bill to assess a special tax of eighty seven cents and three tenths mills on each foot front of the real estate bounding on the north side of Long street from a point one hundred and fifty feet west of Medary street to Seventh street, for paying the expense of grading, graveling and paving the sidewalks and gutters. The bill was read a second and third time under a suspension of the rules, and

for excavation. Adjourned.

At a meeting of the Associate Members of the United States Sanitary Commission reslding at Columbus, held at the Museum Room of the Starling Medical College, on Saturda evening, December 7th, the following gentlemen were elected officers of the Association

Joseph Sullivant, President; Rev. E. M. Fitzgerald, Vice President; John W. Andrews Secretary, and T. G. Wormley, Treasurer. The members of the Commission in this city

are Goy. Dennison, Rev. Mesers. Fitzgerald Hemsteger, and Mees; Drs. Carter, Smith, Awl, J. B. Thompson, Loving, and Wormley; Messrs J. Sullivant, F. C. Sessions, P. Ambos, J. H. Riley, R. Neil, F. Collins, and John W. Andrews.

A call will at once be made by the Commission upon our citizens for contributions for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers.

ANOTHER SHOOTING APPAIR, -On Sunday after uoon, Robert Dillon had an altercation with his wife, in the course of which a piatol was by some means discharged, the contents entering the left side of Dillon's abdomen, about half way between the ribs and hip bone. Dillon says the pistol was discharged as he was at tempting to wrench it from the hands of his wife, and exonerates her from all blame. He lies in a critical condition, and is not expe

Since the above was in type, we learn tha Mr. Dillen died about half past eight o'clock last evening. The cause of his death will be the subject of investigation by the Coroner's inquest, who will probably render a verdict to-

Godey's Laby's Book -Do not fail, fair and get the reader, to call at or send to R. Kennedy's, DRINTED OTTOMAN MEPS, near the Postoffice, for Godey's Lady's Book for January, 1862-the first number of the sixty-fourth volume. Godey opens the new year and his new volume magnificently. This number has sixty engravings, three beautiful steel plates, and a double extension fashion plate, containing nine figures. It contains over one hundred pages, and has stories from such pensus those of Miss Vicginia F. Townsend, Mrs. Metta Victoria Victor, author of "Air and Mea-Rasher," etc., Miss M. W. Janvin and Mre-

Christmas or New Year's present for a wife, countin, sweet heart or lady friend, noth-hardly be more acceptable than Godey's

Agroinvergers ... Captain S. S. Carroll, of the ed Colonel of the Cib Regiment Onto Volum

A Mr. Remole has been appointed a Commis-

eary to look after the interests of Ohio tree

ar We had the pleasure of ageing our friend Col. Isaac H. Marrow, of the 3d Ohio Regiment, in our city restorday, looking as well as 100 Frank Carried Berry usual. He leaves for Kentucky to day, Early Dones Citem. cess attend him and his gallant regiment.

room runes. At the last monthly men ing of the Commons Typographical Union, the following officers were sincicled: William H., Paul, President; Joseph T. Hayes, Vice President; William D. Biese, Recording and Carresponding Secretary, Calvin L. Divine, Flancial Secretary; Thomas Weizler, Treasurer.

Maintenance of Ladies; also, Misses Mittenancial Secretary; Thomas Weizler, Treasurer.

BAIN'S.

espens in Livet A Series of Familiar Es-esps. By Timothy Titomb, Author of "Let-ters to the Young," "Gold-foll," etc. New York: Charles Scribner. Columbus: Randall & Asten.

This is a handsomely bound and beautifully printed volume. It contains twenty-four as mys, written in Dr. Hollawn's easy, agreeable id yet forcible style. It is an excellent book reading in the family circle, as the essays of moderate length and full of instruction, not wanting in genuine Attic salt.

It should not only adorn the center table of every family, but be taken up and read as a manual for ordering the daily life of both the old and the young. With very moderate pre-tensions, it is nevertheless an oracle of wisdom, clothing the divinest precepts in the most inviting forms.

In According to the returns up to the 7th there are thirteen thousand sick soldiers in the army of the Potomac.

CAMPS CHASE AND THOMAS .- It is said that Camp Chase is to be adopted by the Government as a permanent camp, and that Camp Thomas will thereupon expire, under the ar-rangement that all recruits are bereafter to be regarded as regulars.

THE O. P .- During last week, there were brought to the Ohio Penitentlary twelve new convicts from Hamilton county; one from Brown; one from Montgomery; two from Belmont; four from Ashtabula; and nine from Cuyahoga.

The following convicts have been pardoned by the Governor: Benjamin Herrick, of Lorain county; John

Lapp, Summit; Thomas Mahan, Clark; James Henderson, Monroe; Wm. Lamer, Wendell Syler, Chas. Warren, Jesse Jones and Chas. Cook. Hamilton; Jas. Brown, Franklin; Rebecca Estell, Coshocton; Lucian Clark, Lorain.

The whole number of convicts now confined in the Penitentiary is 983.

Mr. Hayden has removed his machinery into the new shop at the Penitentiary, and is now actively engaged in the manufacture of military goods. 产义 正文 经 1 2 21

Recent Military Appointments. S. C. Mendall, Frazersburg, Assistant Sur

Eighty first.
T. McEbright, Millersburg, Surgeon to the

Eighth. F. M. Rose, West Rushville, Assistant Surgeon to the Forty-third.

Samuel H. Steedman, Napoleon, Colonel to
the Sixty-eighth.

Robt. K. Scott, Napoleon, Lieut-Colonel to

the Sixty-eighth.

John S. Snook, Antwerp, Major to the Sixty-eighth. B. F. Berkley, Regnier's Mill's, Assistan Surgeon to the Strty-eighth.
Frank M. Martin, Upper Sandusky, Adjutant to the Fifty fifth.
Lorenzo D. Mayers, Mansfield, Quartermas

ter to the Sixty fourth.

W. M. Farear, Cambridge, Quartermaster; to
the Sixty-fifth.

Eugene A. Rawson, Fremont, Adjutant to the Seventy-second. Ferdinand F. Rample, Logan, Lieut Colonel of the Fifty-eighth.
Capt. S. S. Carroll, U. S. A., Colonel to the

THE FIRST OHIO CAVALRY,-Three companies Authorizing the City Civil Engineer to contract with Thomas Walker for grading Boone street from Washington avenue to Pike street,

Cclonel—Owen P. Ransom.
Lieutenant-Colonel—Thomas C. H. Smith.
Majors—Minor Milliken, Erasmus B. Dennison, Michael W. Smith.
Adjutants—Stephen S. L'Hommedieu, Lewellen Gwynne, Henry Mopping, John H. Piatt.
Quartermasters—J. C. Frankeberger, Geo.
P. Ladd, J. M. Allen, Ora M. Kelsea.
Surgeon—Rudolph Wirth.

NEW COAL YARD

THE UNDERSIGNED KEEPS CON-HOCKING GRATE COAL.

which he will rell at the lowest market prices.

Qall and examine my Coal before purchasing else where.
Office at the store of Bradford, Saydam & Co., bear

AUCTION AND COMMISSION ROOM HE SUBSCRIBER HAVING TAKEN

No. 11 East State St.,

Auction & Commission Room. He is now prepared to receive on Commission every secription of property, such as Dry Goods, Groceries, Squers, Furniture, Carriages, Horses, etc. He also needs to devote his attention to sales of Real Estate and Personal Property, at any point, within twenty miles

Auction Sales Every Evening.

Plain Ottoman Oloths;
Magonta and Black Check Vatencias;
Broche Ronbaix Dress Goods;
Balmoral Skirts;
Alexanders' Rid Glovos;
Gose Trail Hosp Skirts.
Corsets. Hair Nets, No. 29 South High Street

Sheriff's Sale.

John R. Hillard Doc. 3, page 161.
Superior Court of Franklin count franklin count (F, Ohio.

D VIRTUE OF A WEST OF VENES in counts, Ohio. I will obser for sais at the door of the court House, in the city of Columbus, Ohio.

Printer's fees, \$6:00 nov3-d1s4:wtd

2 Came No. 1 Gaven 2 Frails Cloves. 10 boxes Citron 30 boxes HR Raislas 25 " Layer do.

THE LATEST NEWS From all Parts of the World.

WARFOR THE UNION

WASHINGTON NEWS

CANADA.

FIRING ON OUR PICKETS Secretary Chase's Report.

Interesting from Europe. NEWS FROM THE SOUTH,

doc. doc. doc.

From Washington (Times' Dispatch.)

Washineron, Dec. 8.—The Republican caucus was only attended by elevan members, and adjourned after appointing a committee to issue a call for another caucus on Monday evening.

The Secretary of the Treasury's report will be presented on Monday.

The roads between Washington and the Maryland side of the Potomac are almost impassa-

The following paragraph was unintentionally omitted in the transmission of the recent epech of Senator Trumbull:

"Without any special act of Congress, I pre-

sume no one questions that our military com-manders, in the prosecution of the war in insurrectionary districts, may for the time being seize and make use of the property of the rebels and their elaves; but on the restoration of peace the right of the owners would revive. Hence, if we would have uniformity of action among the commanders of our armies, and forfeit forever the property of rebels and their claims to the service of their fellow men, it must be done by act of Congress."

The Pension officer has withheld the paymen

of pensions to a number of persons on sufficient evidence of their disloyalty. It appears that some show an unwillingness to take the prescribed oath of allegiance and loyalty for the purpose of obtaining money from the Government, who afterward join the rebels or otherwise give them aid and comfort.

the compensation of loyal sufferers by the rebellion.

The commander of the British forces in Canada has recalled all absent officers, and is engaged in bringing his forces to a high state of efficiency.

The pickets of Gen. Blenker's division have been shot at for several days, it was supposed by a farmer named Cook, who has thrice been arrested and released by the Chief of the Staff and provided with a pass.

Deserters from the rebels state that they have one hundred and fifty thousand men at Centerville and daily expect an attack from us ada has recalled all absent officers, and is en-

and provided with a page.

Deserters from the rebels state that they have one hundred and fifty thousand men at Centerville and daily expect an attack from us at three points. There were only ten thousand rebels at Manassas.

eighty-six horses, and occupying with their arms and baggage three trains of about thirty-two cars each. The officers of the First Ohio Cavalry are:

Cclonel—Owen P. Ransom.
Lieutenant-Colonel—Thomas C. H. Smith.
Majors—Minor Milliken, Frasmus B. Dennison, Michael W. Smith.
Adjutants—Stephen S. L'Hommedieu, Lewalth and the stable of the subject will be brought before the Military committee of the House on Monday.

(Herald's Correspondence.) A deserter states there were two thousand five hundred rebels on the lower Potomac, under Gen. Holmes, who are expecting an attack from our flotilla, and forces on the Maryland

The rebel steamer George Page has been re-

moved to Chapawamsic creek, and her guns are to be taken for land service.

rederals Falling Back from Somer Louisville, Dec. 7.—Several letters from Somerset and Stanford on the 6th inst., received here, say that the Federal forces under Gen Schoeff have been compelled to retreat to this side of Somerset; that the rebels, ten thousand strong, crossed the Cumberland river and are marching on Somerset.

Men, women and children were leaving Somscheme and control were leaving some reset in every possible conveyance, and rushing into Stanford. The Stanford people think Schoeff should be reinforced.

The Democrat, editorially, thinks Schoeff's purpose in falling back on Somerset is to catch Zallicoffer in a trap.

FARDRAICE, Md., Dec. 6 .- The third brigade of Gen. Banka's army, Gen. Williams commanding, arrived here and passed through the city to their encampments, three miles on the Hagerstown turnpike.

The first and second brigades, of Abercrombie and Hamilton, arrived on Tuesday and

Secretary Chase's Report. NEW YORK, Dec. 9 .- The Secretary of the onthampton.

New York, Dec. 9.—The Secretary of the Treasury's report, after referring to recommendations contained in his July report, gives the manner in which he obtained loans for various purposes of the Government. The immediate exigencies were provided for by issuing \$140,019,034 in six per cent. two years' Treasury notes, and \$1,257,775 in same notes payable in wirty days. His next care was to provide for disbursements for the war; and he adopted the plan to engage the banking institutions of the three commercial cities of the seaboard to advance the amount needed in loans for three years' seven and three-tenth bonds, to be reimbursed from proceeds of similar bonds subscribed for by the people, hoping thus to combine the capital of the Government, so as to give efficiency to the Administration, action and competent support to the public credit; and the result has fulfilled the hope.

He then rehearses the agreement entered into between the banks and himself, by which the former agreed to take the loans. The history of the first two loans has been made public.—The third loan was negotiated with the banks on the 16th of November, by which he agreed to lasse to them fifty millions in six per cent. bonds at par for the bonds bearing seven three-tenths per cent. interest. This agreement was coupled with no arrangement for reimbursements, and entailed no expense except for preparing and issuing the bonds. This was also coupled with the option to the banks that on or after the first of January a fourth advance of fifty millions should be made on the same terms as the first or second, if required.

In addition to these loans, \$21,165,020, up to the 30th November, were issued in Treasury notes of fives, tens and twenties, payable on

In addition to these loans, \$21,165,220, up to the 30th November, were issued in Treasury notes of fives, tens and twenties, payable on demand, and \$3,385,105 remaining in the Treasury. This amount may be regarded as a loan from the people. The aggregate realized from loans in various forms, is \$197,742,588.

The revenue receipts have not fulfilled his expectations. He says an act modifying the rates of duties differed from the measure he submitted to Congress, in most of these particurates of duties differed from the measure he submitted to Congress, in most of these particulars, especially in diminished duties on tea, coffee and sugar, and exempting goods in warehouses and on shipboard. The difference was disadvantageous to the revenue, while a potential cause of reduced receipts may be found in the changed circumstances of the country proving unfavorable to foreign commerce. These circumstances compel him to reduce his estimates for 1862 from the revenue from \$57,000,000 to \$32,188,602. The estimates from receipts from bonds and miscellaneous sources he reduces from \$3,000,000 to \$234,062. The only other sources of revenue is a direct tax anreduces from \$3,000,000 to \$223,002. The only other sources of revenue is a direct tax anthorized by Congress, which, if increased to the limits proposed by the Scoretary and assumed by the States the further sum of \$20,000,000 may be expected. The aggregate of revenue may be thus estimated at \$54,552,560 which is \$26,447,334 less than the estimate

of July. The Secretary states the estimates for July were based on the raising of two hundred and fifty thousand volutions, and the increase of the regular army by eleven regiments; but after that report had been closed Congress authorized the acceptance by the President of five hundred thousand men, besides additional companies and ment, who afterward join the rebels or otherwise give them aid and comfort.

[Special to the Tribune.]

Mr. Gurley of Ohlo will offer a confiscatory act, providing safeguards against fraud, and for the compensation of loyal sufferers by the rebellion.

While thus recommending retrenchment, he feels himself constrained to renew suggestions heretofore submitted by him, that property of rebels should be made to pay in part at least, the cost of the rebellion. Property of great value in loyal States is held by proprietors virtually engaged in the guilty attempt to break up the Union, which is justly forfeited to the people, which should be subject to sequentra-Property of rebels in rebel States should be treat-ed in the same manner. Rights to services under State laws must of necessity form an exception to any rule of confiscation. Persons held by rebels under such laws to service, as slaves, may, however, be justly liberated from their constraint and made more valuable in various employments, through voluntary and compen-sated service, than if confiscated as subjects of

property.
The Secretary says the most sacred duty of the American people now requires the conse-cration of all their energies and resources to the establishment of the Union, and sound pol-Icy would seem to suggest no extension of for-eign trade, but more absolute reliance on American labor, American skill and American

He recommends that the duties on tea, coffee and sugar be increased to two and a half cents per pound on brown, three cents on clayed, twenty cents on green tea, five cents on coffee; and that no other alterations of the tariff be made unless further experience shall demonstrate the recent of the same of the tariff be made unless further experience shall demonstrate the recent of the same of the sam

made unless further experience shall demonstrate the necessity.

He deems it necessary to increase the direct tax so as to produce from loyal States a revenue of at least \$20,000,000, estimating such duties on distilled liquors, tobacco, bank-notes, carriages, legacies; on paper evidences of debt, and conveyances of property, and other like property as will produce an equal additional sum. The income tax will probably produce \$10,000,000 more, making an aggregate of \$50,000,000.

The Secretary is aware that the sum is large, but seeing no probability of revenue exceeding

but seeing no probability of revenue exceeding \$40,000,000 during the current year, he feels that he must not shrink from a plain statement of the actual necessities of the situation. Two-fifths of one per cent. on the real and personal property of the loyal States, will produce \$44,000,000, the proposed income adding \$10,000,

The Secretary recommends a plan for a national circulation of notes, the features of which are, a circulation of notes bearing a com-Southern News.

Louisville, Dec. 9.—The Savannah News says the Federals have entirely evacuated Tybee Island.

Easy Pensacola, Dec. 4.—The Florids and Pamilico engaged a Federal vessel retired.

Considerable excitement exists in Tennessee consequent upon drafting. They desire troops raised on the volunteer system.

S. W. Johnson, Provisional Governor of Southern Kentucky, has issued as long mensacolations and institutions to the people by this plan would be in the increased security of the Union, springing from common interests in its preservation, created by distribution of its stocks, and an acquate provision of species and the stocks to associations throughout the country, as the objinion, if a credit circulation be desirable, it is most desirable in this form.

Gap, and are suffering greatly for the want of shores, binkhets and winter clacking. They are railing on the ladies for socks and fisance shifts.

RICHMOND, Dec. 6.—Congress unanimously ratified the convention between R. M. T. Hunter and the Missouri Commissioners.

The Avalanche confirms the Federal victory in Morristown, Tenn., and thinks Gen. Critter and the Missouri Commissioners.

It is runnered at Washington that the Federal victory in Morristown, Tenn., and thinks Gen. Critter than the convention between R. M. T. Hunter and the Missouri Commissioners.

It is runnered at Washington that the Federal victory in Morristown, Tenn., and thinks Gen. Critter than the convention of the save and the convention of the second of the case of the convention of the second of the convention of the second of the convention of the second of the convention of the convention

ratified the convention between R. M. T. Hunter and the Missouri Commissioners.

The Avalanche confirms the Federal victory in Morristorn, Tenn., and thinks Gen. Crittenden will overcome the Union forces.

It is rumored at Washington that the Federal victory the Federal treops, who are going to St. Louis and that Cairo and Paducah are being evacuated by the Federal treops, who are going to St. Louis with all possible dispatch.

The New Orleans Bulletin says the Federals captured two rebel steamboats, supposed to be the Henry Lewis and the Watson, and that the California escaped by throwing overboard part of her cargo and forty head of cattle.

The Charleston Marcury says, Gen. Ripley has ordered every pound of cotton likely to fall into the hands of the enemy to be burned.

The Savannah Republican says, the Sumter was not captured, but wrecked off Trindad coast.

The Savannah Republican says, the Sumter was not captured, but wrecked off Trindad coast.

permitted.

The Secretary closes by saying it has been his endeavor to infuse into his Department the greatest possible activity and vigor, and hopes that continued endeavor, with larger experipnce, will make it what it ought to be.

United States steamers fall in with her, at will certainly be taken.

A writ of attainder on the part of the low owners of the Nashville has also gone out i one of the late steamers, to be executed in

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS Wirst Session.

Washington, December 4.

Senate.—A number of petitions were presented and referred to appropriate committees; several on the emancipation of the slaves of the rebels were presented and referred to the committee on the Indictary.

Mr. Summer presented a resolution that all memorials and papers on the files of the Senate relating to the recognition of Liberia and Haytibe taken from the files and referred to the committee on Foreign Affairs. Agreed to.

Mr. Clark offered a resolution requesting the Marshal of the District to inform the Senate by what authority he keeps slaves of the District what authority he keeps slaves of the District

He said he had visited the jail, and found a number of slaves of the District confined there for no reason except that their masters and mistresses had sent them there because they were refractory.

were refractory.

Resolution agreed to.

Mr. Hall's resolution directing the Judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the present Supreme Court and establishing another, was taken up. He said the present Supreme Court had failed. He believed if the rebels now in arms should succeed, the Supreme Court would decide that the soldiers now in Virginia were trespassers and rioters.

Mr. Collamer moved as a substitute that the portions of the President's message relating to the Judiciary be referred to the Judiciary com-

mittee.

Mr. Collamer's amendment was agreed to, and the resolution as amended was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Chandler the resolution inquiring into the cause of the disasters to our army at Bull Run and Ball's Bluff, was taken

The question was on the substitute offered by Mr. Grimes, that a committee be appointed to investigate the cause of all the disasters that

investigate the cause of all the disasters that have happened to the Union forces.

Mr. Chandler said officers of the army were not liable to impeachment, but one of our own number has tallen (Mr. Baker), and nobody to blame. He thought the facts ought to be known regarding the disasters in Missouri, referred to by the Senator from Kansas. If Gen. Fremont is to blame, let it be known. If not, in God's name let him be justified and let the country know it.

Mr. Foster thought it best not to investigate

the subject now. Under the present circumstances, he thought Congress had better not do it. If military officers managed the army bad ly, Congress would only make a bad matter worse by interfering. He would let the military slone in time of war. An inquiry of this kind would only call men away from higher duties. At the proper time Congress might make

the inquiry.

Mr. Sherman believed an investigation would the whole conduct of the war, and said he would record his solemn conviction that before the war ceased slavery would almost if not entirely cease to exist; but the war should be carried on, without any reference to the subject of slavery, to preserve a free country for free men. If he could infuse the spirit of the people into all the departments of the government, the war

all the departments of the government, the war would soon end.

Mr. Wilson was glad the resolution would take a wide field. He thought it was time the proclamations of officers should oease and the Government have the sale settled policy. We must remember we had not the men of large experience. Great mistakes had been made and were likely to be made, but he wanted it understood that people expected no mistakes would be made, but that every man give all he has and is to the country.

32 25 for New Haven and \$3 27 263 30 for Brandy wine.

WHEAT—Fully le better, with fair export demand: sales of 6,600 bushels Chicago spring at \$1 2021 20; 3,000 do northwestern captured and \$1 27 26 20 20; 3,000 do militarized it \$1 20 20 1 20; 3,000 do morthwestern captured and were likely to be made, but he wanted it understood that people expected no mistakes would be made, but that every man give all he has and is to the country.

has and is to the country.

Mr. Latham asked for the year and nays. Mr. Latham asked for the yeas and nays.

The resolution was agreed to—yeas 33, nays 3;
Mesers. Carlisle, Latham and Bell. Absent—
Mesers. Bright, Colamer, Foote, Thomson,
Willey and Wilson
Adjourned.

Adjourned.

BARLEY—Standy: tales 3 500 bushels in small lots
at 66@Tic for state; 931 or Canada East.

CORN—Opened firm and closed a little better, with moderate demand for export and home consumption;
askes 13,00 bushels at 61 for lamaged and mixed red
western; 64@65c for common to good western affost;
66c in store; 69@67c for Aeliow southern.

OATS—Heavy and declining; sales 1,460 bush at 44@

was passed, authorizing the parties in the con-tested election case of Beach against Upton, in the Fairfax District of Virginia, to take evidence.

Mr. Morrill of Vermont gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill donating lands to the several States for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, in the establishment of

colleges.
Mr. Richardson, from the committee on Military Affairs, reported the following, which was

itary Affairs, reported the following, which was passed:

Whinkas, The exchange of prisoners in the present rebellion has already been practiced indirectly, and as such exchange would not only increase enlistment, and add to the vigor of our army, but subserve the highest interest of humanity, and as such exchange does not involve recognition of the rebels as a government; therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, etc., That the President of the United States be requested to inaugurate systematic measures for the exchange of prisoners in the present rebellion.

On motion it was

Resolved, That the committee on Foreign Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expe-diency of furnishing relief to the starving pop-lation of Ireland, and to report by bill or other wise. Mr. Wickliffe, from the committee on Mili-

tary Affairs, reported a bill authorizing the raising a volunteer force for the better defense of Kentucky.

The House postponed until Thursday the consideration of various slavery propositions, in consequence of Tussday and Wednesday being occupied in eulogies on Senator Baker.

Mr. Stevens has modified his resolutions in several important restrictions.

couditionally abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia. of Columbia.

Mr. Gurley introduced a thill to confiscate slaves of rebels and colonize them.

On motion of Mr. Cex it was

Resolved, That the committee on Ways and Means be instructed to consider the tariff and taxation with a view to equalize the burdens of

Arrival of the Africa.

New York, Dec. 8.—Steamer Africa arrived to-day, from Liverpoot 24th.

Judge Goodrich brought special disputches for Washington for Washington.

Affairs of the Nashville continued to excite great attention. The Nashville was still at Southampion. Nothing done toward supplies or repairing her. Capt. Pegram denies not holding commission, as had been stated, and publishes his commission as Lieutenant from Jeff. Davis.

Nashville is likely armed, and if the Any aid beyond what is necessary to render a station steamers fall in with her, and retainly be taken.

It of attainder on the part of the loyal to the Nashville has also gone out in the late steamers, to be executed in ampton.

Lord Stanley 17 a speech, said he was not curprised that Americans took offense at the way England settled their affairs for them, and argued that the American Government could not have acted therwise than they had, but that two governments are inevitable sooner or later.

later.

Mr. Layard defended the policy of the English Government, and regretted it was misunderstood by Americans, but denied there was any proof of backing down of democratic institutions. stitutions.
FRANCE-The Bank of France reduced the

de of discount from six to five per cent. Bourse firm.

An official dispatch says, Omar Pacha defeated eight thousand insurgents near Piva, after four hours' fighting, with a loss of eight hundred killed and wounded.

A numerous body of insurgents in Montegrains, who intended to invade Kalashiere, was

repulsed after a bloody fight. COMMERCIAL. Flour slow but unchanged. Wheat dull.

Corn firmer.
PROVISIONS. — With limited demand. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon in good demand. Corn unchanged.
Liverroot, Nov. 23.—Trade at Manchester is dull, but prices generally steady. In some instances a decline is quoted in yarns.

Bakaderures.—The circulars report flour

slow but unchanged; small sales at 28@32s wheat dull; red western at 11s 9c@12s 5d, white western 12s 9d. Corn firmer; mixed 33s 9J, yellow 32s 9d@33s, white 34@37s. LONDON MARKET.—Baring Brothers & Co. re-port breadstuffs quiet a: previous rates. Sugars very dull but unchanged. Tes un-

LATEST VIA QUEENLTOWN. LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24 .- Breadstuffs quiet and firm; provisions inactive.

London, Nov. 24 — Consols closed last evening at 94@94%.

In American stocks the latest sales were, Illinois Central chares at 401/4@393/4 discount; Erie 271/4@28.

MRW YORK, Dec 8.—A schooner from Mon-taigue reports the pirate Sumter there, coaling She had taken two prizes, and was allowed to refit without objections

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 .- Specials state Senator mson had an interview with Gen. McClellan to-day urging the immediate sending of relief to the loyalists of Eastern Tennessee.

The President favors the earliest advance of the Kentucky army.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

New York Market [REPORTED FOR THE OHIO STATESMAN] New York, Dec. 9.

PLOUR—Active and slightly in favor of buyers, while prices are without material change. Sales of 10,600 bbls, bbls at \$5 25,66 40 for rejected; \$3 40,85 50 for supstate: \$5 60,85 70 for extra state, \$5 40,85 50 for superfine western; \$5 50,85 90 for common to nedium extra western; \$5 50,85 90 for common to nedium extra western; \$5 90,85 95 for shipping brands extra round hosp Ohio, and \$4 05,86 75 for trade brands do, market closing dul. Canadian Bour, moderate business doing at previous quotations; sales of 950 bbls at \$4 45,85 50 for superfine: \$5 65,87 50 for common to choice extra.

RYE FLOUR—Steady with a moderate demand; sales of 150 bbls at \$3 25,884 40.

CORN MEAL—In fair request; sales of 1150 barrels at \$3 25 for New Haven and \$3 27,683 30 for Brandywine. NEW YORK, Dec. 9

BARLEY-Stundy; tales 3 500 bushels in small lots

bbls, including 100 bbls prime mess at \$12 50@13 00; ness \$13 25; prime mess \$50@9 00.

BEBF-Rulies quite firm but market very quiet; sales of 210 bbls at \$4@4 50 for country prime; \$5@5 50 for country mess; \$13 75@ 13 67% for extra mess.

BEBF-HAMB—In moderate request; sales of 200 bbls prime western at 15c.

BEFF HAME—In moderate request; sales of 200 bbis prime western at 15c.

UUT MEATS—Dall and nominally unchanged.

BAOON—Rules firm and in moderate request; sales of 3000 boxes at 7c for long ripbed widdles, part at 7c; we also notice sales of 75,000 pounds on private terms.

DRESSED HOSE—Steady at 24 604684 75.

LARD—Is more, active but no material change in price; sales of 900 florces and bbls at 8% 3%c.

BUTTER—Still rules very firm and in fair demand at 116316c for Ohlo, 15326c for state.

CHEESE—Steady and firm at 688%c.

BUGAR—Raw very firm; sales 473 hbds at 7% \$8%c; and 125 boxes Hawana on private terms.

and 125 boxes Havana on private terms, MOLASSES—Sales 35 bhds Porto Rico at 50: 10 bhd Sarbadoes at 35c.

Master Commissioner's Sale, Louis Lindeman
vs.

Haldamond Crary et al.

BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed from D Superior Court of Franklin county, Ohio, I will fer for sale at the door of the Court House in the City Saturday, the 14th day of December, A. 1861, nbus, on

at one o'clock P. M., the following described real estate situate in the county of Franklin and State of Ohio, t wit:
Lots numbered thirty-nine (39), forty (40), forty-one
(41), forty-two (42), and forty three (43), in the addition
of H. Crary and others to the city of Columbus, a
designated in the plat of said addition, recorded in the
Recorder's effice of Franklin county, Ohio.

Appraised at—
Lots Nos. 30, 40 and 43, \$250.00 each.

d1 and 42, 300 00 each.

'' 41 and 42, 300 00 "

G. W. HUFFMAN,

Printer's fees, \$6.

aov3-d1t&wid

SHERIFF'S SALE.

B. Wilson
W. E. Rose.

Buperfor Court. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SAL D to me directed from the Superior Court Franklin county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door the Court House, in the City of Columbus, on Saturday, December the 14th, A. D. 1861,

at two o'clock, P. M., the following described real esta The south half of a lot of land containing eighty a The south half of a lot of land containing eighty acre more or less; the said eighty acres, of which this pa thereby conveyed, is a tract originally owned by D George Stevenson, and which by certain proceedings the Court of Common Pless of Franklin county, no partitioned to and divided among the children and hel at law of said George Stevenson, deceased; said pretass hereby conveyed being known as the south half lot No. 17, as will fully appear, reference being had said proceedings in partition, set forth in the Chance records of said Common Pless, in book 2, page 318.

Appraised at \$55.00 per acre.

GEORGE W. HUFFMAN, Sheriff,
By En. Davis, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE. B. Wilson
vs.
W. R. Bose et al.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE D to me directed, from the Superior Court of Franklin county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House, in the city of Columbus, on

was not captured, but wrocked off Trinidad coast.

Holling's Ratering Ram of Turtic planed Memphis on the 4th, for Columbus, ky.

A delegation from Indian teibus arrived here to examine and report to their people the true condition of affairs. They captered states possible activity and vigor, and hopes that continued endeavor, with larger exparite condition of affairs. They captered states to estillate activity and vigor, and hopes that continued endeavor, with larger exparite condition of affairs. They captered states to estillate the continued endeavor, with larger exparited to examine and report to their people the true condition of affairs. They captered to Emerge appripe at high process the continued endeavor, with larger exparited to examine and report to their people the true condition of affairs. They captered to Emerge appripe at high process that continued endeavor, with larger exparited to examine and report to their people the true condition of affairs. They captered to Emerge appripe at his deligation from what they were represented by rebell leaders.

New York, Dec. 9.—The Secretary of the Nash-life is nearly and the stated of the fair and their of a tot of fand containing vigibly acres, of which the part were as the said sight acres of which the part to the part was a state to commission, as all extended in the lowest process in the larger control the Deavis and the count of the larger captering the continued endeavor, with larger exparite the part will embedded to a state of the count of the faint containing triply acres of which the part will embedded to the part will be contained to a part of the said states and the count of the faint and the count

Coreign DALL AT J. L. CILL & SON'S NEW BLOCK NORTH HIGH STREET

AND SEE THE LARGEST STOCK. THE GREATEST VARIETY.

THE MOST BEAUTIPUL PATTERNS

STOVES

THEY HAVE COOKING STOVES FOR COAL, COOKING STOVES FOR WOOD,

> COOKING STOVES For either Wood or Coal

For Large Pamilies or Small Families, and varying in Three Dollars to One Hundred and Twenty-Five.

COOKING STOVES

PARLOR STOVES,

HALL STOVES. Of many Patterny. SITTING-ROOM STOVES. STORE-ROOM STOVES.

Army Stoves. Lightest and most Portable Tout Stave ave Officers of our Great Army.

OFFICE STOVES.

FURNACES, Heating Dwellings, Churches, Store raome, or other large Buildings.

LAUNDRY STOVES.

For Family Use or Hotels

AGRICULTURAL BOILERS. SUGAR EVAPORATORS. SUGAR KETTLES HOLLOW WARE.

DUGG IRONS

SAD IRONS, TAILORS' GEESE. And many other articles- 'or any other man ! ILF CALL AND SEE . JI

No. 92 North High Street,

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

J. L. Gill & Son. Sheriff's Sale. Charles Heath Wm. F. Jennings et al. Common Pleas. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Franklin county, Unio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House, in the city of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday, the 11th day of January, A. D. 1862, at I o'clock p. m., the following described real estate situate in the county of Franklin, and State of Ohio, to

vii: Lot No. Ten, in Phelan's Mount Pleasant Addition to Appraised at \$100 co.

G. W. HUFFMAN, Sheriff,
By Eb. Davis, Deputy
dec9 wid.

DR LELAND'S

ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND® IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia. AND A SURE CURE FOR

All Mercurial Diseases It is a conveniently arranged Band, containing a medicated compound, to be worn a round the Waist, without injury to the most delicate persons; no change in labits of living is required, and it entirely removes the discuss from the system, without producing the injurious effects arising from the use of powerful internal medicines, which weaken and destroy the constitution, and give temporary relief only. By the treatment, the medicinal properties contained in the Band come to contact with the blood and reach the discuss, through the pores of the skin, effecting in seerly instances a perfect cure, and restoring the parts afficied to a healthy condition. This Band is also a most powerful arra-Mascourat, went, and will entirely relieve the system from this perspecture affects of Mercury. Moderate cases are cured in a few days, and by are constantly excepting, testimouslais of its efficacy in agrarance cases of long escenting.

Price \$2,00, to be had of Dragginta generally, or can be sently mail or express, with fait directions for mean to any part of the country direct from the Principal Office,

No. 409 BROADWAY, New York. G. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors.
N. S.—Descriptive Circulars Sent Free.
A. J. SCHUELLER & SON. Devenuera. Asserts, No. 277 S. High St., bet. Friend and Mound, Columbus. O. TAgents Wanted Everywhere.

Domestic Cotton Goods. BAIN & SON

OFFER the most Extensive Assert-Brown and Blesched Gotton Fiannels; Musifus; Earnaley Cotton Shootings;
Sareot Stries of Calico's and Delaines;
Tiokings, Shirtings, Glughanes.
And Cotton Battings.
Also, Blankets, Flannels,
Cassimeres, Clock Cloths, etc. sto.

Laces and Embroiderie V. A. LEA CHENES, M. A. L. T. E. B. & PARTY E. Land Golfars and fictie. Franch, Pether and Thread Land Vells (new patterns.) Valencesses. Thread and Point Laces, Embryddered Golfars, Seins, Trimmings as Skirts, Lage Sartes and Conferes, Plain Lines Golfars, etta and Outfe. Embreddered Collins and Conference Vellars.

able lyles lists day All All MIAH